

AESTHETIC REHABILITATION OF FLUOROSIS AND MIDLINE DIASTEMA WITH CERAMIC VENEERS: TWIN CASE REPORTS

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INTRODUCTION: Ceramic veneers are well known as a conservative treatment option for anterior teeth presenting wear, fractures, interdental spaces, and facial defects. Bonded ceramic veneers have been proven to show reliable outcomes with positive long-term results.

CLINICAL PRESENTATION

CASE 1: A 20-year-old female patient reported with the complaint of discoloured and fractured anterior teeth and wanted cosmetic rehabilitation for the same.

Treatment plan: Ceramic veneers for maxillary canine to canine (13-23) was planned.

PRE-REHABILITATIVE VIEWS AND TOOTH PREPARATION



IMPRESSION AND FINAL PROSTHESIS

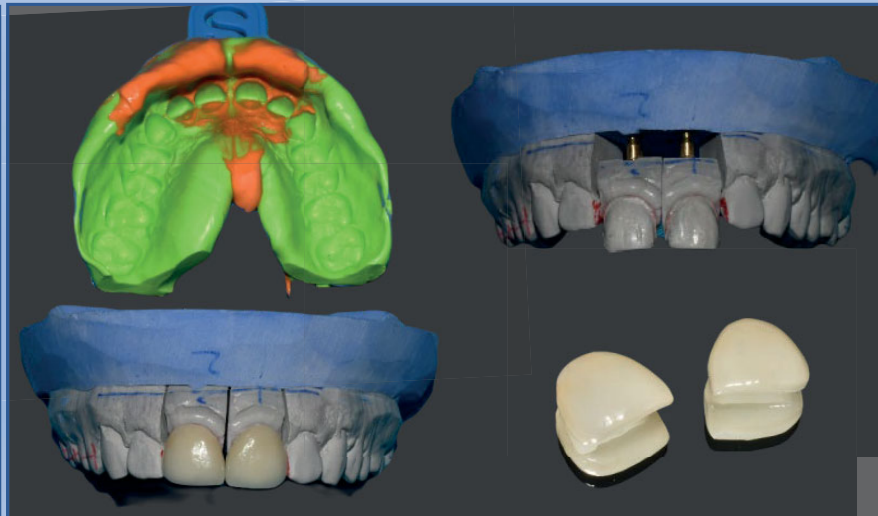


CEMENTATION AND POST-REHABILITATIVE VIEWS



CASE 2: A 28-year-old male patient reported with the complaint of midline spacing in upper front tooth region.

Treatment plan: Ceramic veneers for maxillary central incisors (11-21) was planned as he declined orthodontic corrections.



CONCLUSION: Today, ceramic veneers have reached a very high level of quality: the parameters of tissue, economy, aesthetics and function are no longer antagonistic. Hence, ceramic veneers should be our first option when establishing a treatment plan for aesthetic regions.

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